

# CS21: INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER SCIENCE

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Swarthmore College

# Outline Nov 14:

- Sorting algorithms
- Programming sorting algorithms
- Next time:
  - “is\_sorted” function
  - Runtime of sorting algorithms

## Notes

- Lab 8 due Saturday night (read BEFORE coming to lab!)
- Lab 9 due Monday after Thanksgiving
- Quiz 4 this Friday (let me know if you have conflicts)

# Lab 5 extensions

# Smart-tic

(Larkin)

```
*****
Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!
*****
```

Enter your choice like the numbers below:

```
-----
|0|1|2|
|3|4|5|
|6|7|8|
-----
```

AI chooses: 4

```
-----
| | | |
| |0| |
| | | |
-----
```

Enter 0-8 for your choice: 3

```
-----
| | | |
|X|0| |
| | | |
-----
```

AI chooses: 2

```
-----
| | |0|
|X|0| |
| | | |
-----
```

Enter 0-8 for your choice: 6

```
-----
| | |0|
|X|0| |
|X| | |
-----
```

AI chooses: 0

```
-----
|0| |0|
|X|0| |
|X| | |
-----
```

Enter 0-8 for your choice: 8

```
-----
|0| |0|
|X|0| |
|X| |X|
-----
```

AI chooses: 1

```
-----
|0|0|0|
|X|0| |
|X| |X|
-----
```

AI wins!

# Mega-tic (Mirabai)

```
How many rows/columns do you want?: 6

*** Get ready to play tic-tac-toe! ***

Please enter your choices like the numbers below:
|0|1|2|3|4|5|
|6|7|8|9|10|11|
|12|13|14|15|16|17|
|18|19|20|21|22|23|
|24|25|26|27|28|29|
|30|31|32|33|34|35|

AI moves:
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | 0 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Choose an empty spot (input 0-35): 14

| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | X | | |
| | | 0 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

AI moves:
| | | | | |
| | | X | | 0 |
| | | 0 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
```

```
Choose an empty spot (input 0-15): 15
|X|O| |O|
| |X|X|O|
| | | | |
| | |0|X|

AI moves:
|X|O| |O|
| |X|X|O|
| | |0| |
| | |0|X|

Choose an empty spot (input 0-15): 12
|X|O| |O|
| |X|X|O|
| | |0| |
|X| |0|X|

AI moves:
|X|O|O|O|
| |X|X|O|
| | |0| |
|X| |0|X|

Choose an empty spot (input 0-15): 8
|X|O|O|O|
| |X|X|O|
|X| |0| |
|X| |0|X|

AI moves:
|X|O|O|O|
| |X|X|O|
|X|O|O| |
|X| |0|X|

Choose an empty spot (input 0-15): 4
|X|O|O|O|
|X|X|X|O|
|X|O|O| |
|X| |0|X|
You win!
```

# Sorting

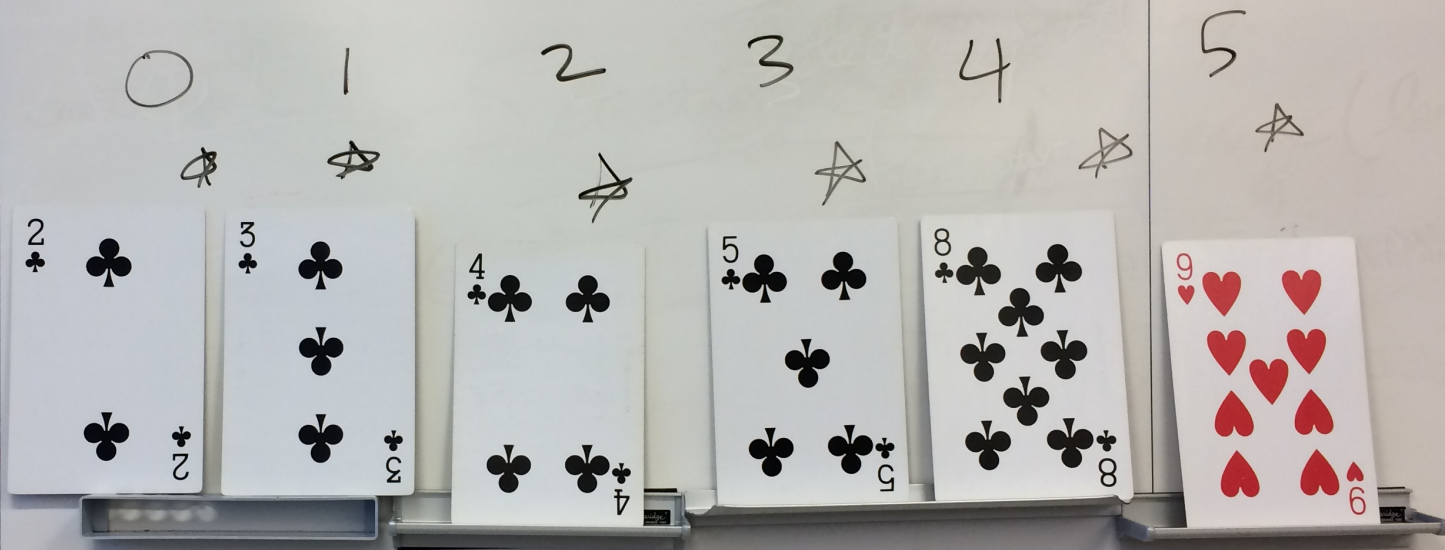
# Sorting with cards

- 1) With a partner, set up a series of ~10 cards (out of order)
- 2) Try to come up with a **sorting algorithm** that only involves comparing and swapping elements
- 3) Check your algorithm with me or a ninja
- 4) Begin implementation in **sorts.py**
- 5) Here is our swap function from Week 6:

```
def swap(i, j, lst):  
    """This function swaps the ith and jth values of the lst."""  
    temp = lst[i]  
    lst[i] = lst[j]  
    lst[j] = temp
```

$i = m$   
 swap(0, 5)  
 swap(1, 4)  
 swap(2, 4)  
 swap(3, 3)  
 swap(4, 4)

$i =$  where min should go  
 $m =$  where min is now



Selection Sort idea



# 3 sorts for today

- **Selection Sort**: iteratively find the minimum element and place it in the correct position
- **Bubble Sort**: move through the list, swapping adjacent elements if they are out of place (repeat until sorted)
- **Insertion Sort (didn't get to)**: for each element of the list, move it down until it is in the correct position

# Types of sorting

- **Out-of-place**: leaves the original list alone and creates a new sorted list (returns new list)
- **In-place**: modifies (mutates) the original list via swaps so that it is now sorted
- **Pros of in-place sort**: no new data structure needed (saving space)
- **Cons of in-place sort**: original order destroyed (in some cases it might be important), can be more difficult to implement