

# CS21: INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER SCIENCE

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Prof. Mathieson

Fall 2018

Swarthmore College

# Outline Oct 1:

- While loops with boolean flags
- Function commenting
- Lists as a data structure
- Mutability and modifying lists
- Functions that modify lists
- List modifying practice: **build\_list.py**, **shuffle\_list.py**
- At end: notecard feedback (anonymous)
- Wednesday: stack diagrams with lists

## Notes

- **Lab 4** due **Saturday** night
- **Quiz 2** this **Friday** in class
- **Office Hours 3-5pm**  
**Friday (or by appointment)**

# While loops with boolean flags (example)

```
"""
```

Write a program that rolls a standard die until a 6 comes up. Then modify your solution to use a boolean "flag" in the while loop.

Author: Sara Mathieson

Date: 9/28/18

```
"""
```

```
import random
```

```
def main():
```

```
    # set up a standard die (more sides? use range)
```

```
    die = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

```
    # over is a boolean "flag" that indicates if we should continue rolling
```

```
    flip = 0
```

```
    over = False
```

```
    while not over:
```

```
        flip = random.choice(die)
```

```
        if flip == 6:
```

```
            over = True # update loop variable
```

```
        print("You rolled a %i and game over is %s" % (flip, over))
```

```
main()
```

# Commenting functions (example)

```
def lettercount(text, letter):  
    """  
    Purpose: Count how many times letter appears in text.  
    Parameters: text (str), letter (str, single character)  
    Return: the number of times letter appears in text  
    """  
  
    count = 0 # set up an accumulator variable  
    for i in range(len(text)):  
        if text[i] == letter:  
            count = count + 1 # accumulator pattern  
    return count
```

# Lists

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lst1 = [5, 3, 1]
lst1[0] = 10
lst1
[10, 3, 1]
```

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```
lst1.append(7)
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- Concatenating lists

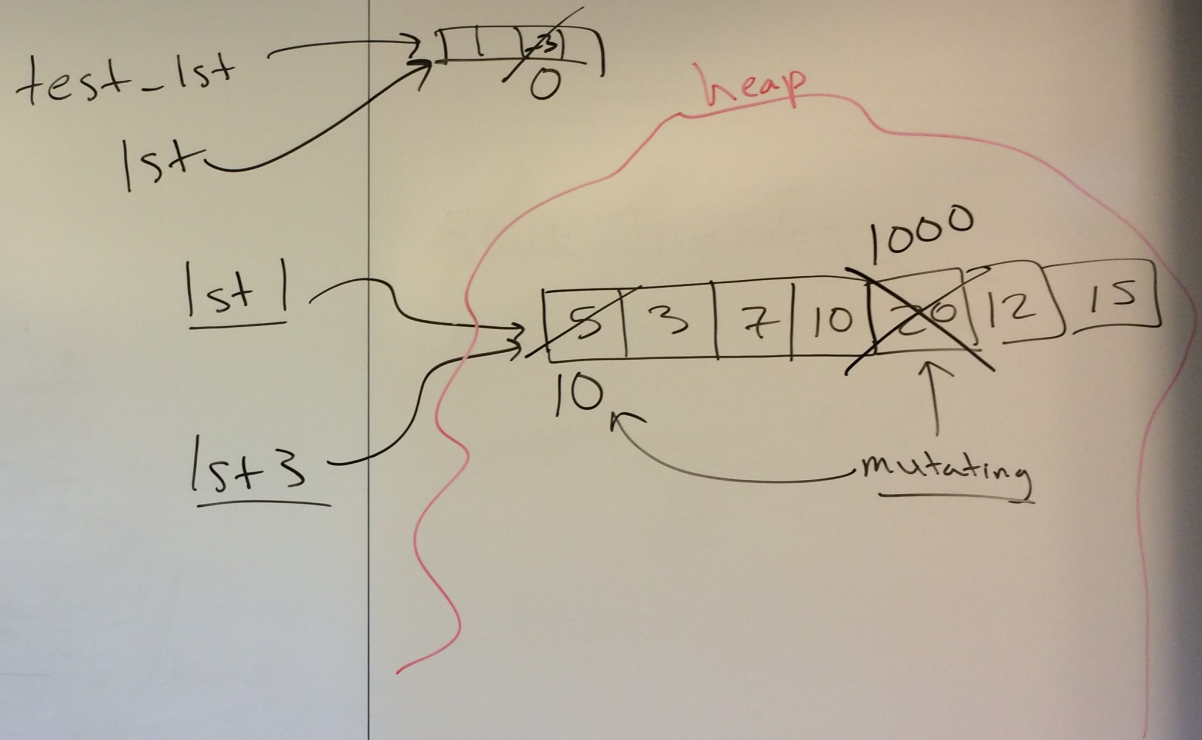
```
lst2 = [20, 25]
lst1 + lst2
[10, 3, 1, 7, 20, 25]
```

`lst = [5, 3, 7, 10]`

`lst.append(20)`

`lst3 = lst`

`lst3[4] = 1000`



Mutating a list changes any variables that also point to the underlying data



lists are  
mutable!

Strings are  
immutable!

lst1 = [5, 3, 7, 10]

lst1.append(20)

lst3 = lst1

lst3[4] = 1000

# List programs for today

- **build\_list.py** (start together)
- **shuffle\_list.py** (pair programming)
- Notecard feedback! On back board