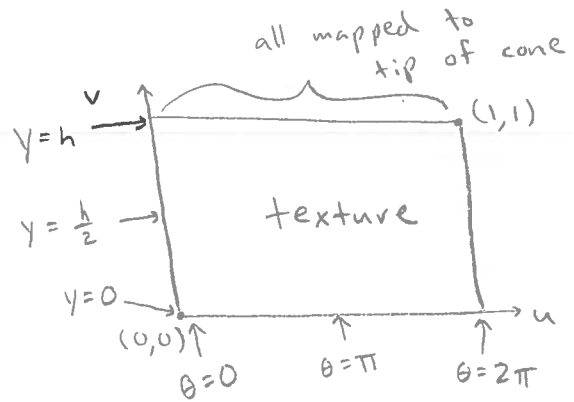
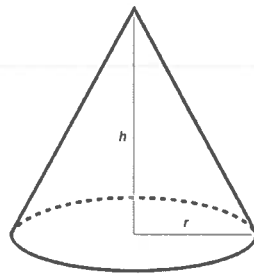


Texture Mapping Practice

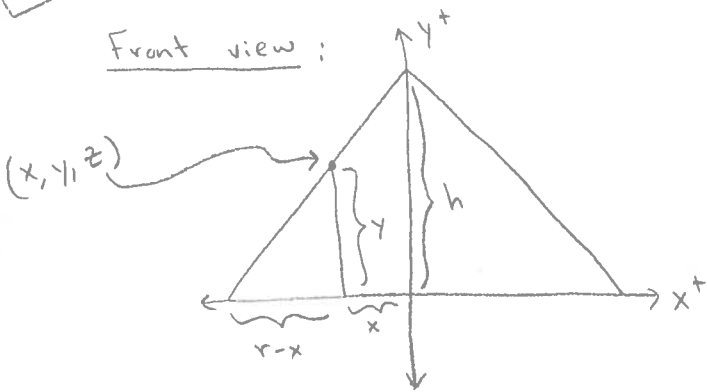
**Texture Mapping a Cone**

When texture mapping a cone, there are several ways one could "unwrap" the cone onto the texture. Here, we'll imagine that the entire top line of the texture ( $v = 1$ ) is mapped to the tip of the cone, and the bottom line of the texture ( $v = 0$ ) is mapped to the bottom rim of the cone. For a cone with height  $h$  and radius  $r$ , create a texture mapping method that will map each point  $(x, y, z)$  on the surface (not the base) of the cone to a point  $(u, v)$  on a rectangular texture.

determine  $v$



Front view:



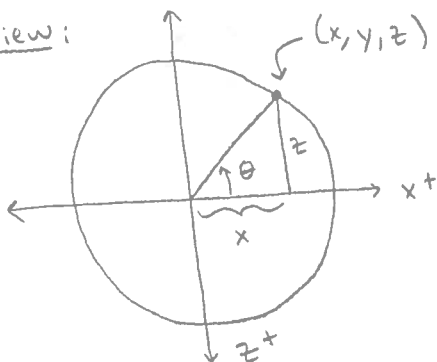
ratio of hypotenuse of smaller triangle to hypotenuse of larger triangle; is the same as  $y:h$ , is the same as  $\boxed{v}$ .

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{(r-x)^2 + y^2}}{\sqrt{h^2 + r^2}} = \frac{y}{h} = v \Rightarrow \boxed{v = \frac{y}{h}}$$

determine  $u$

To use the whole texture,  $u = \frac{\theta}{2\pi}$

Top view:



$\Rightarrow$  find  $\theta$ .

$$\tan \theta = \frac{z}{x} = \frac{z}{x} \Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{x}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{u = \frac{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{z}{x}\right)}{2\pi}}$$